

## Does metropolitan area need another airport?

see page 2



Ralph Williams, formerly a vocalist with the Ink Spots, performs on campus with other musicians from the riverboat era.

Current photo by Oliver Wischmeyer

## Sounds of '20's move students of '70's

see page 3

## Pie in the face - pat on the back

By CARL HESS  
Current Staff Reporter

The awesome spectacle of the second annual Pie-eating Contest took place on Nov. 24th on the volleyball courts in front of the University Center. The contest was sponsored by Pi Kappa Alpha fraternity.

Kathy Baldrige of Delta Zeta, her face becrusted with cream and pumpkin, took the women's division in the contest, and Curt Hibbs of Alpha Phi Omega gulped his way to the men's title. Prizes were awarded at the Club Imperial at a dance that evening.

The contest that afternoon, required the participants to eat a whole pumpkin pie with their hands tied behind their backs. The spectacle drew around 100 spectators, including a KSD-TV camera crew. There were 15 contestants representing different student organi-

zations on campus, that were divided into two groups, with six girls in the first group and nine men in the finale. Todd Dudley, acting Dean of Student Affairs judged the melee.

With a mob of supporters cheering them on in the 30-degree weather, the contestants were, as Dean Dudley said, "very enthusiastic"

Participants trained for the event in various manners. Some fasted all morning; others fasted the night before to enlarge their stomach capacity.

After the unconventional dessert, the winners were interviewed by John Rodell of KSD-TV news. Rodell asked, "How did the pie taste?"

Curt Hibbs breathlessly commented, "I didn't taste it, but I noticed that it was gooey and hard to get down."



# Study by graduate student here refutes advocates of new airport

By JUDY KLAMON  
Current Staff Writer

James Dzierwa, graduate student of political science, and a student within the Center for Community and Metropolitan Studies here, has presented a study on the need for a new metropolitan airport in the St. Louis-Illinois area. The study refutes the assumption that such an investment for a new airport is needed.

Dzierwa originally undertook his study for a course on value judgement taught by Dr. E. J. Meehan. The research paper led to a 40-page study which ended up being presented to the St. Louis Seminar.

Through systematic research through the resources of the library from the Federal Aviation Administration and the Civil Aeronautics Board, Dzierwa examined the evidence related to the assumptions used by those who argue for and against the decision to maintain or abandon the present airport.

The research reveals a great deal concerning the quality of the procedures by which public investments are investigated and how the decisions are weighed. In spite of the research done by commissions appointed by Mayor Alfonso J. Cervantes of St. Louis and Governor Richard Ogilvie of Illinois, nothing has been stated to the effect that to abandon the present airport would be waste of at least 340 billion dollars -- the cost of a new airport.

Dzierwa refutes many assumptions that are implicit in the discussion of the need.

He claims that air carrier operations will not increase dramatically in the future; that the relation between the size of the metropolitan

area population is not so clearly an indicating factor of the amount of airport use; that airport size and capacity should not be based on peak-hour airport operations; and finally, that the St. Louis Area could not support a regional system of two airports if the present one was to be maintained.

The assumed present trend of increase in air carrier operations is not an increase at all. Contrary to popular belief, air carrier operations have been on the decline since 1969. As the paper states, there is no good reason to assume that air carrier operations will return to the booming level of the 1960's.

The paper goes on to say that the growth of the metropolitan area population is not a good indicator of increased airport use. The indicators of airport use as stated in the paper are: a) air carrier operations, b) passengers enplaned, and c) passenger capacity per aircraft.

Air carrier operations are not on the increase. And as an increase in the St. Louis area population is concerned, St. Louis is not and will not be a major center of tourism in the future nor will it become a great international gateway in the remainder of the century. Likewise, since Chicago and Kansas City are serious competitors for business, Dzierwa sees these as no real reason for representing a need for another airport.

If there should be some increase in the area population, the need has been calculated on the relation between the population and the number of passengers per aircraft. But this is apparently a very wasteful use of resources. The assumption that more aircraft will be needed is based on a calculation of a 1:3 ratio capacity per aircraft. Dzierwa asks why must the future calculations

be based on this projected ratio?

Dzierwa inquires as to whether the 245-345 tri-jets will be the predominate aircraft servicing the St. Louis area by 1980. If there will be larger aircraft models servicing the market, why should more aircraft be needed?

A misrepresentation of air traffic is made by basing the airport need on the peak hour rush traffic of the airport. Dzierwa comments that every major airport would benefit from a change in peak hour scheduling. If a change is not made, they will find themselves saturated at the peak hour. This is obviously no way to run an airport or determine the need for a new one.

Dzierwa treats many other subordinate assumptions that are made to qualify for a new airport.

However, one of the most important reasons in terms of the taxpayer's money, is, how much is the Federal Government going to invest to aid us in our investment?

St. Louis county supervisor Lawrence K. Roos brought out that in the Dallas-Fort Worth investment for a new airport, the federal government decided to contribute only \$15 million out of the \$370 million to be expended for the investment.

If this is an indication of what we are in for, it might be wise to take another look--especially in terms of the businesses that would be ruined by a transfer that depend on the airport traffic for their livelihood.

And finally, if this airport were to be maintained and another built, the St. Louis area could not support it. Besides the airlines refusal to split up their route, the St. Louis area by 1990 would have to be the size of Chicago, New York or Los Angeles. And in the projected future, that would be impossible.

## DAY CARE QUESTIONNAIRE

If you have not received a questionnaire, cut this out and bring it in:

Quality childcare, equally accessible to all people, is something we feel is a necessity. The lack of such care is especially oppressive to women since in our society women bear primary responsibility for child rearing.

A group of UMSEL students, faculty and staff are working to establish a childcare facility at UMSEL open to everyone associated with UMSEL.

The demand that UMSEL provide funds and space for childcare is a reasonable one. Other campuses have seen their responsibility in this area.

It would be of great help to us if those interested in helping with this project, or in need of this service, would fill out this questionnaire and return it to the University Center information desk by December 17, 1971.

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ADDRESS . . . . .

PHONE . . . . .

1. Do you have any children who need child care? What are their ages? . . . . .
2. Are you interested in working in the day care center? Paid or volunteer? . . . . .
3. Would you be willing to work in trying to establish the day care center? . . . . .
4. How much could you afford to pay for child care? . . . . .

Meetings will be held in the near future to discuss Day Care proposals. For further questions, contact Carole Kerr, 521-9572, or Eileen Beaver, 739-6661.

## Project UNITED serves "high risk students" despite limitations of time and staff

By ANN TELTHORST  
Current Staff Writer

Project UNITED is not just the name of an organization--it is also the spirit reflected by its members.

Dr. Wilmer Grant, head of UNITED, and his colleagues Miss Kathy Cinnater and Wilbert Mosby, all illustrated the goals and objectives of the organization. Their dedication was exemplified as Grant finished helping a student with a math problem before he joined the discussion, and when Miss Cinnater excused herself to help a student with some English work.

Mosby discussed the background of the organization.

"Project UNITED stands for University Needs in the Education of the Disadvantaged," he explained. "This is our second year in operation. The university was concerned about the high rate of attrition and decided to do something about it, thus giving birth to Project UNITED."

The project started with fifty scholarships, tutorial help, and advice. Most of the staff has some kind of specialty; Dr. Grant is an associate professor of physics and currently teaches Math 02; Miss Cinnater is an English instructor in the Evening College, and Mosby has his degree in political science.

"We have some of the basic courses covered amongst ourselves, Miss Cinnater maintained, "but we also call on departments not covered in our specialties for help.

"The program is basically a two-year program. Once a student

gets past his first two years, he's pretty well on his way."

Dr. Grant then joined the discussion to stress the fact that the organization is primarily for disadvantaged students.

"Our primary interest is in the students from the inner city who could be called 'high risk students,'" Grant explained. "They graduated in the middle of their classes and thus aren't eligible for scholarships but do need financial help.

"We have a summer program mainly for students in Project UNITED," he continued, "and we've also started a program for students after their junior year in high school to give them as much remedial help as possible so that they can compete in college.

"The need for remedial courses arises from the gap in the quality of courses taken in high school. Our job is to try to make up the gap between high school and what they're expected to do here. The summer programs are an attempt to shore up this gap."

The program is aimed at remedial students, but academic advisement is open to everyone.

"Our major limitation is time and staff," Grant contended. "We don't have enough of either and our first concern is to help the kids in the program and also we'd like to keep the counselor-student ratio small--15:1 or less."

He explained that the primary assistance the students need is in improving their writing ability and in getting them to think logically.

Currently there are fifty students in the scholarship-remedial program. Four of these students are white. This is not tokenism

in reverse but a fact of life--there are more disadvantaged black students than white students.

Asked about the success of the program, Grant replied that a small study was conducted last year on the attrition rate of students in the program and comparable students outside the program.

"Our attrition rate was 25 per cent better than that for students outside the program and we want to improve this even more," Grant said, "but we'll always be mindful of the fact that we'll never reach a zero attrition rate. We know some of our students will not make it."

He commented on the size of the organization.

"We wanted to start off small so we could study the inevitable problems," Grant explained. "Next year we hope to double the program. We'll hire upperclassmen as tutors and shoeleather counselors.

"A shoeleather counselor's job is to apply his foot to a certain part of the student to make sure that student buckles down and gets the job done.

"Project UNITED goes beyond these two offices," he continued. "It's a viable part of the university and it should be thought of as a part of the university."

Mosby added, "We're also trying to develop a sense of togetherness, such as an upperclassman helping an underclassman."

As if to reiterate Mosby's remark, a student in Math 80 was currently helping a Math 02 student with his homework.

There is more to Project UNITED than just a name.

# Riverboat jazz returns

By DARRELL SHOULTS  
Current Managing Editor

They say certain things improve with age; things like fine wine, choice tobacco, and good music. Whether or not you appreciate any of these is up to you, but the consensus is that the UMSL campus was treated to a fine display of that good music two weeks ago when a group of jazz musicians from the riverboat era performed here.

Six of these elderly gentlemen showed up and showed why jazz music was so popular, and why it is still received quite well. All five musicians -- Martin McKay, Ralph Williams, Bill Marin, Cliff Batchman, Gene Thomas, and leader Eddie Johnson -- had performed in the past with renowned groups, among them Count Basie's orchestra, Earl "Fatha" Hines band, the Ink Spots, and Della Reese. What they did on campus Friday morning was what they had gained fame for with these and other groups, that being providing some of the finest kind of sounds that could ever caress one's inner ear.

Most of the tunes were unfamiliar to the average Joe College, yet he found himself in tune with what the sextet was doing. They played things that ranged from the riverboat era to Bacharach's "Raindrops Keep Fallin' on my Head." They devoted quite a bit of time to compositions by Duke Ellington, among these "C Jam Blues," "Satin Doll," "A Train," and others. Granted, these are not the most familiar songs

to this generation, yet, simple because they were performed well, they were received well, by young and old, black and white, student and teacher.

The crowd, which jammed the mezzanine lounge of the University Center and spilled out onto the staircases, seemed to particularly enjoy the solos, especially the bass work of Gene Thomas. Thomas, who played with Hines and Reese, demonstrated a virtuosity on an instrument that has fallen into disuse with the advent of the electric bass guitar.

One might wonder if the audience could really appreciate the smooth, extra-light drum work of Martin McKay, who played with Count Basie. In an age of pounding, throbbing drum solos as demonstrated

by Ginger Baker and others, it is rather unusual -- almost quaint -- to hear a drummer that worries mostly about keeping a beat; laying down a foundation upon which the rest of the band can build. Yet when McKay did do his short solos, he proved that his lack of flashiness was a matter merely of choice and in no way reflected ability.

It is a safe bet to say that even though the rock groups are the ones that sell the albums and make all the money, a lot of young people find that older music--jazz--to be particularly satisfying. What would be nice is more concerts of this type and perhaps a few groups of young musicians that could play this type of music. It's been proven that time doesn't kill good music.



The U-Center lounge was the scene for a jazz jam-session featuring the talents of Gene Thomas (top left), Cliff Batchman (top right), Martin McKay (above), and their colleagues.  
Current photo by Oliver Wischmeyer

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# Some things don't change - some things must

One of the less auspicious undertakings on this campus is the production of a weekly newspaper which even approximates the standards of journalism. Traditionally, local talent drains towards the Columbia campus and its J-school, which leaves slim pickings for the rest. This difficulty is further compounded by the commuter-campus atmosphere with its endemic disinclination towards participation in practically anything; this problem is further intensified for the Current, since a certain specialized skill is necessary.

A large portion of the present staff will depart, for various reasons--seniors graduating and a couple of sophomores transferring to that magnetic J-school in Columbia--at the end of the upcoming semester. Conditions, therefore, made it possible for the main contenders for the post of

editor for 1972 to be newcomers to the staff (as of this semester). The Student Publications Committee of the University Senate--empowered by the original Current constitution to send a representative to the staff screenings of applicants and later to pass on the subsequent staff recommendations in order to select a new editor--postponed a decision for a week and a half, keeping the aspirants in suspense and breaking with precedent by overruling the incumbent editor's rejection of a late application on a constitutional technicality arising from the change in the university calendar and by requiring a special screening of the two main contenders (whom they judged nearly equal on the basis of flaws in one letter of application which contained sentences not nearly as long as this one will turn out) after which the actual decision proved fairly

routine.

Therefore we have proposed amendments to our constitution intended to clarify the ambiguities which were the legacy of the architects, to bring certain articles into agreement with the new calendar, and--which is most controversial, perhaps--to provide for an equal and direct voice in the selection of the editor by the staff as well as by the Publication Committee. We are not faulting the committee's caution in making a choice; but we consider the amendments in the same spirit as the decision which admitted students to the Faculty Senate and thus to the decision-making process--also it is the least we old-timers can do for next year's staff: learning the ropes as you go along is tough enough without being enmeshed in the tortuous labyrinths of university politics any more than necessary.

## The Y.A.F. Forum by Charles Seewooster

The irony of the Vietnam War is that while the fabric of American society has been damaged by that tragic conflict, as has the fabric of the South Vietnamese, many of the nations of free Asia which border Red China, have forged ahead economically and culturally, under the umbrella of American protection. It is perhaps because our attention has been riveted on Vietnam and also because of a deep cynicism and skepticism about American aims in Asia, among many influential persons and groups in the U.S. and the rest of the world, especially Europe, who have been disturbed by the terrible cost of what Howard K. Smith has called "our most misunderstood war", that we have tended to overlook the success stories in free Asia.

First there is Japan, to which the U.S. is pledged to defend. No nation in human history has wrought an economic miracle of the magnitude that

she has. That dynamic society is now the world's third industrial power and if futurist, Dr. Herman Kahn of the prestigious Hudson Institute (author of *On Thermonuclear War*, *Can We Win In Vietnam*, and *Japan, The Emerging Super-State*) is accurate, she may surpass the Soviet Union and become No. 2 among industrialized nations, second only to the U.S., by the year 2,000. Douglas MacArthur's brilliant administration and guidance of that land, after the war, in no small way helped to get the nation back on the path of economic and social recovery.

South Korea, ravaged by a bloody communist war of aggression in the early 1950's and torn by civil turmoil and political instability during the 1960's, has in the last few years made remarkable economic strides, under the dynamic leadership of its determinedly anti-communist president, Chung Hee Park, after 15

years of stagnation following the signing of the armistice agreement in 1953. South Korea, responding to South Vietnam's call for assistance, dispatched 50,000 troops to Vietnam, a greater proportionate burden than those made by any of the free world allies fighting in Vietnam, including the U.S.

Taiwan, a nation of 14.5 million and a major contributor of foreign aid in the world has seen rigid economic growth in recent years and has become a showcase of economic development in Asia, standing in marked contrast to the economic and agricultural failure, that is Red China, a nation whose "Great Leap Forwards," have repeatedly been great leaps backwards.

Singapore, perhaps the best example of "economic takeoff" to borrow a phrase, coined by Prof. W. W. Rostow in his book on the economic development of emerging nations "The Stages of Economic

Growth", has prospered under the dynamic leadership of its imaginative "Democratic Socialist" president Lee Kuan Yew, an Oxford-educated, Overseas Chinese and former leftist labor leader, who has guided that city-state through six difficult years of newly won independence from Great Britain. His dream of a Malaysian federation, realized in 1965 with the cooperation of the Malaysian government of Tunku Abdul Rahman, immediately came under attack of Achmed Sukarno of Indonesia, (who has since passed on to a greater reward, after being attacked by his friends, the Reds who couldn't wait for him to finish turning the country over to them) his successor Gen. Suharto has charted a decidedly anti-Communist path for that huge resource rich nation. Yet Yew managed to weather the storm, although the federation eventually collapsed. Today one does not need to look very far to find goods sold in America, with the mark "Made in Singapore" on them. Americans might well take a page from the book of this brilliant leader (who has been mentioned as a possible successor to U Thant, as Secretary-General of the U.N.) who has called upon his people to forget not a "Great Society" but rather a "Rugged Society."

Thailand and Malaysia are also experiencing relative prosperity, despite difficulties with Communist guerrillas, brazenly backed by Hanoi and Pe-

king, in violation of the U.N. charter. Cambodia is a bleak spot; she is paying now for years of neglect of military preparedness during the rule of Prince Sihanouk, which have made effective resistance to the North Vietnamese and Vietcong invaders on her soil, very difficult. The Philippines is a question mark, as it faces grave difficulties with Communist-led Huk guerrillas who have resurfaced and her economic performance has been inconsistent.

The same condition holds true for Ceylon, whose Soviet-backed Socialist government of Mrs. N. Badarinarayana, has been menaced by Communist guerrillas, backed by North Korea.

However South Vietnam, despite the damage of years of inclusive war, has seen increasing rice harvest in the last two years, due in part to the new miracle strains of rice and the return to productive use of land resettled by farmers who fled the fighting, but can now return due to success of the pacification program, which seeks to rid the country of Red terror, taxation and rule. Her economy is also showing gains despite the withdrawal of almost 400,000 American, Australian, New Zealand, Philippine and Thai troops in the last two and one half years.



## CURRENT

The Current is the student publication of the University of Missouri-St. Louis. It is entirely student edited and produced weekly. It is financed by both student activity fees and independent advertising and is distributed free to the UMSL community. Advertising and subscription rates available on request. Letters to the editor are encouraged as part of the continuing discussion of campus issues and events. No unsigned letters will be considered. The writer assumes all responsibility for the content of the letter.

The Current is located in Suite 255, University Center, University of Missouri-St. Louis. Phone (314) 453-5174.

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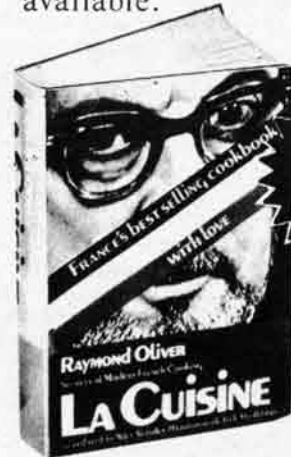


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# New national magazine will present Indian viewpoint

SANTA CLARA, CAL.--Only an Indian can present the Indian view of America, and the Indian view is needed today more than ever.

This is the theme of **Indian Voice**, a national Indian publication of the Native American Publishing Company of Santa Clara. The staff of the magazine, as well as the officers of the corporation, are all Indians. They see the need for a publication to present the Indian view of America, and to fight for the rights of Indians everywhere.

The Indian way of life, and Indian land, is threatened today more than ever. There are ranchers, miners, timber interests, farmers, oil interests, park promoters, and resort promoters, who are trying to buy or lease Indian land, and they have the federal government on their side. Since Indian land is controlled by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), an arm of the Interior Department, the Indian has little or nothing to say about the way it is used, other than to use public pressure and similar tactics.

One of the reasons for the existence of "Indian Voice" is the protection of Indian land and life, and the right of Indians to live the way they want to live. For this reason the magazine will report on the usage of Indian land, including the illegal taking of Navajo land for strip mining, and the fight of the Pit River Indians to regain their ancestral lands in northern California.

The main purpose of the magazine will be to provide just what the title implies - a voice for Indians. Too often in the past Indians have had spokesmen from the federal and state governments, from religious organizations, from white - dominated "Indian-interest" groups, and others telling the world what the Indian "wanted," what the Indian did, what Indian philosophy taught, what Indian religion said, and so on.

"Indian Voice" will try to provide a voice for Indian people themselves to express their views of Indian history, Indian religion, the contemporary Indian scene, political developments, and so on. It

will also provide the reader with literature - poetry, fiction, folktales, legends, short stories - of Indians around the country.

A special feature of the magazine is that it is the only publication devoted to Indians on the national level and concerned primarily with the contemporary scene. There are other Indian publications which are national in scope and circulation, but "Indian Voice" has taken the contemporary scene as its particular realm.

Another special feature of the magazine is its network of correspondents, some of whom are already working for the magazine. These correspondents will provide news about the current scene in the Indian world, and will later tie in with the Third World Radio Network, which is being formed in New York City.

The magazine can be ordered from the Native American Publishing Co., at P.O. Box 2033, Santa Clara, Calif., 95051. The subscription price is \$5.00 per year, and it is published monthly.

Articles for the upcoming November issue include: (1) the effects of the Navajo Rough Rock Demonstration School on Indian education nationally, (2) the first of a continuing series of articles on the Pit River Indians of northern California and their fight to

reclaim their ancestral lands from the federal government, (3) an account of the occupation of Rattlesnake Island by Pomo Indians, who tried to reclaim it from resort developers, and (4) a short history of the efforts of missionaries and others to "educate" Indians.

## Seminar to explore how population growth effects environment

Various viewpoints of the effects of population growth on the environment will be explored in a two-day seminar December 3-4 in Benton Hall.

Dr. Peter Raven, director of the Missouri Botanical Garden (Shaw's Garden) and a professor of biology, will deliver the key note address, "How Many People Do We Want?" at 7 p.m., December 3 in the Benton Hall auditorium.

Dr. Raven is on the faculty of Washington University.

A day-long program will be held Saturday, December 4, with sessions on several viewpoints of population control and panel and group discussions.

Among those on the program will be representatives from UMSL and Washington and St. Louis Universities, Black Survival, Inc., Zero

Population Growth, Coalition for the Environment, Sierra Club, and student and community organizations.

The two-day seminar will examine the ecological question as it is affected by an increasing population and the role educational systems might play in finding effective solutions to these inter-related problems.

The seminar is sponsored by the Departments of Sociology and Biology, the Extension Division and the Sunnen Foundation in cooperation with the St. Louis Chapter of Zero Population Growth.

Fee is \$2.00 High school and college students who pre-register before December 3 will be admitted free.

For more information contact the Extension Division at (314) 453-5961.

## "How to make it" corner

By EILEEN BEAVER

Aztec Sacrificial Altars to the Sun are scarce and no longer in great demand. In researching how to make this mother I found that the Temple as indicated lies in Quetzalcoatl, Mexico and is a rounded structure entwined with green, open-fanged serpents (Freudian, no doubt). There is a raised dais on which gladiators fought, and a sacred ball court used for Oepipus Rex ball-stacking tournaments. The "skull rack" close to the ball court had hanging craniums of sacrificial victims.

The structure is 40 feet square with 114 steps. Divided by 20 you have a model 1/20th the original size: 2 feet square with 5.7 steps, perfect for Junior's playroom or backporch. For a skull rack use your kitchen-utensil rack with the pancake-flipper and butcher knife.

Performing the ritual accompanying the sacrifice is an intricate and exacting affair. To dress properly for the occasion paste feathers to your entire body, adhere a bird's beak over your nose, and encase yourself in a long black robe with a long pointed hood. Repeat the following words:

"O Hail the Hummingbird Wizard, O Hail he who fights the night and stars and moon,

armed with sunbolts (at this point cut out the heart of your victim and hold it pulsating up to the sun, and drop it in a coke bottle, "no deposit, no return").

The ritual accompanying the sacrifice is very complex - as complex as that which now surrounds the religion Norman Douglas described as the "quaint Alexandrian tutti-frutti known as Christianity." Alas, performing the ritual is not as difficult as finding a sacrificial victim. To solve this problem I borrowed two addresses from **Hot Rod Magazine**:

"I picked up one of your mags and flipped. It's great! Oh, Pap, could you, I mean would you (enough theatrics) print this? Maybe a sweet young chick between 20-23 would write. I ain't got nothing against my mother, but her letters just don't fill the gap, you know? Thanks." **ROB COMBS** Fox Div. USS STICKELL (DD888) c/o FPO NY, NY 09501.

"Hi! How are you? About those guys in **Hot Rod**. Why don't they write back?? I've written 21 letters so far, and none have been answered. So how about it, guys? Don't disappoint me. I'll answer any and all letters. I'm 17 and there's no age barrier--okay? So come on you lonely servicemen!" **JOELLEN BARBATI** 12 Wyn Drive Brookfield, Ohio 44403.

Well, all you sweet young chicks, groovy guys, all you lonely servicemen - maybe we can all get-it-together down in Quetzalcoatl or my back porch for a Veiled Prophet Comin' Out Party. We'll get it on with the mindblowin' funky Sergeant Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band. Ah, well dig it.

Got to cut and get back to my iron. It ain't much but I haul around a Ford Sunliner 1960 version with a 427 overhead cam and Hooker headers. This mill will wind out to about 140 mph and that's not too great for that size of mill. You got a pretty good mag--at least I'm not like those nurds with their '69 you-name it with 3 superchargers, 9 on the floor, 6 ft. wide tires, 342 mph in the quarter with and E.T. of 3.19 and such. Man, those guys go too far! I can't dig those nurds.

### Haggerty to discuss law and retarded

Dennis Haggerty, legal consultant to the President's Committee on Mental Retardation, will discuss "Legal Aspects of Service with the Mentally Retarded Offender," December 10, at 9:30 a.m., room 229, J.C. Penney building.

Faculty and students are invited to the group consultation.

This program is being conducted in cooperation with the Administration of Justice program, the Department of Sociology, Anthropology, and the School of Education.

A luncheon will be held at noon at Ramada Inn (Natural Bridge and Brown Roads). Haggerty will then speak on "Legal Aspects of Police Ethics Serving the Mentally Retarded" at that time. Make out checks (\$4.00) to LEAPS, room 117, Administration building.

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# ON CAMPUS

## THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1971

9:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

Navy Recruiters; Administration lobby

7:30 p.m.

"Behavior Modification: Teaching Psychotic Children Language;" sponsored by the Psychology Department; 101 Life Science -- free

## FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1971

3:45 p.m.

Physics Seminar--James R. MacDonald, Kansas State U.; Coffee at 3:15 p.m.; 204 Benton Hall

3:15 p.m.

Seminar on Population & Environment--"How Many People Do We Want?"--Dr. P. Haven; 105 Benton Hall

7:00 p.m.

Seminar on Population & Environment--"How Many People Do We Want?"--Dr. P. Haven; 105 Benton Hall

7:30 p.m. & 9:45 p.m.

"Midnight Cowboy;" Penney building

1:30 p.m.

Basketball: UMSL vs SEMO; away

11:40 a.m. & 1:40 p.m.

Video Tape: "Waiting for the Change"--a series of vital interviews including Ralph Nader, Abbie Hoffman, and Frank Maniewicz; 220 Penney Building.

## SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1971

12:30 p.m.

Midwest Japan Seminar; 121 J.C. Penney Building

8:30 p.m.

Coffee House-- 3 guitarists; University Center Lounge

9:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

Humanities Program--"What Happened to the American Dream: 1776-1976?"; J.C. Penney building. Register through Extension.

8:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

Seminar on Population & Environment; Benton Hall; Sign-up in Extension before 12/3 and be admitted free.

8:00 p.m.

"Midnight Cowboy;" J.C. Penney Auditorium

9:00 p.m. - Midnight

Sigma Tau Gamme Mixer; University Center Snack Bar



Judy Klamon Current photo

## Judy Klamon named editor for 1972

Judith M. Klamon has been named editor-in-chief of the *Current* for 1972.

Miss Klamon, a staff writer this semester, will serve a term consisting of the coming Winter Semester and the following Fall Semester.

Further editorial positions will be decided at her discretion prior to the first issue of 1972.

A graduate of University City

High School, Miss Klamon spent a summer session at the University of Colorado-Boulder, and two semesters at the Columbia campus of the University of Missouri, where she wrote for their yearbook, *The Savitar*.

She is a sophomore this year. Miss Klamon hopes to "improve the quality" of *The Current* and to attract a "competent" staff.



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## "American Dream" topic Dec 4

A one-day program aimed at determining how the humanities can be applied to contemporary problems will be presented on campus December 4.

The free community service program, entitled "What Happened to the American Dream: 1776 - 1976?", will be from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. in the J. C. Penney Building.

A consortium of the University of Missouri, St. Louis University, and Washington University faculties will present sessions on the problems of violence, pollution of our environment, decline of sense of community, and racism.

The Richard B. Harrison Players will present the play *A Day of Absence* in the session on racism.

Dr. J. Edwards Dirks, vice-president of the Danforth Foundation, will speak at 9:30 a.m. on "How Can the Humanities Affect the American Dream?" and Dr. Leonard P. Oliver, assistant director of State and Community Programs of the National Endowment for the Humanities will conclude the program at 3:30 on "What Do the Humanities Have To Offer?"

The program was planned by the Metropolitan St. Louis Regional Planning Committee on the Humanities (with representatives from the city of St. Louis, and Franklin, Jefferson, St. Charles and St. Louis Counties) and is being presented in cooperation with 15 educational institutions and community organizations.

## Regional Pre-Law Conference For Minority Group Students

Dec. 11, 1971 9:30 A.M. to 4:30 P.M.

At St. Louis University, Knights Room, Pius XII Memorial Library

Sponsored By: University of Iowa College of Law, University of Mo-Columbia School of Law, St. Louis University School of Law, Washington University School of Law, St. Louis U. Chapter, Black American Law Student Association, Lawyers Association of St. Louis

Panels Will Consider: Careers in the Law, Law School Curriculum and Study, Law School Admission and Financial Aid.

Participants Will Include: Minority group lawyers from various areas of practice, law school faculty members, and law students.

Additional sponsors will be announced at a later date. A constant dialogue will be encouraged between panelists and students. Representatives of sponsoring law schools will be present and available for consultation.

Minority group undergraduates and recent graduates invited. For additional information please write to Assistant Dean Peter Salsich Jr., St. Louis U. School of Law, 3642 Lindell, St. Louis, Mo. 63108.

**December 8 Eucharist 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45, 12:45, 1:45**  
**Newman House 8200 Natural Bridge**